# Swarthmore College Common Data Set 2001 - 2002

# **Table of Contents**

Sec	Section		
A.	General Information	1	
B.	Enrollment and Persistence	2	
C.	First-Time, First-Year (Freshman) Admission	5	
D.	Transfer Admission		
E.	Academic Offerings and Policies		
F.	Student Life		
G.	Annual Expenses		
H.	-		
I.	Instructional Faculty and Class Size		
J.	Degrees Conferred		
K.			
	1. Degree Programs, sorted by name	24	
	2. Degree Programs, sorted by CIP Code		
	3. Athletics		
Cor	mmon Data Set General Definitions	27	
*Co	ommon Data Set Financial Aid Definitions	34	

# **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information

Name of College or University:	Swarthmore College
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip 500 Street Address (if different), City/Sta	O College Avenue, Swarthmore, PA 19081
Main phone	610-328-8000
WWW Home Page Address	www.swarthmore.edu
Admissions Phone Number	610-328-8300
Admissions toll-free number	800-667-3110
Admissions Office Mailing Address,	
	500 College Avenue, Swarthmore, PA 19081
Admissions Fax number:	610-328-8580
Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions@swarthmore.edu
Is there a separate URL application s	site on the Internet? If so, please specify: <b>Embark.com</b>
Also, the Common Application	is accessible through our website.
A2. Source of institutional control (check on a Public	e only)
A4. Academic year calendar	
Semester ☐ 4-1-4	
Quarter Continuou	S
☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by 1	program (describe):
Other (describe):	
A5. Degrees offered by your institution	
☐ Diploma ☐ Maste ☐ Associate ☐ Post-1 ☐ Transfer ☐ Docto ☐ Terminal ☐ First p	master's certificate

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

## **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1.** Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2001. References to corresponding data elements *formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999* (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

\* \* \* NOTE: These figures include 94 students who are studying abroad. \* \* \*

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME			
	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	187	194	line 1	0	0	Line 15
Other first-year, degree- seeking	3	3	line 2	0	0	line 16
All other degree-seeking	494	567	lines 3-6	0	0	lines 17-20
Total degree-seeking	684	764		0	0	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	2	5	line 7	4	8	line 21
Total undergraduates	686	769	line 8	4	8	line 22
First-professional						
First-time, first-professional students			line 9			line 23
All other first-professionals			line 10			line 24
Total first-professional						
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time			line 11			line 25
All other degree-seeking			line 12			line 26
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses			line 13			line 27
Total graduate						

Total all undergraduates (IPEDS sum of lines 8 and 22, cols. 15 and 16):1467
Total all graduate and professional students (IPEDS sum of lines 14 and 28, cols. 15 and 16):0
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS (IPEDS line 29, sum of cols. 15 and 16): <b>1467</b>

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2001. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year  IPEDS sum of lines 1 and 15	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (includes first-time first-year)  IPEDS sum of lines 1-6 and lines 15-20	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking) IPEDS Line 29
Nonresident aliens	22	92	93
1999 IPEDS cols. 1-2 Black, non-Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 3-4	18	112	117
American Indian or Alaskan Native 1999 IPEDS cols. 5-6	3	11	11
Asian or Pacific Islander 1999 IPEDS cols. 7-8	65	229	230
Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 9-10	30	118	121
White, non-Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 11-12	243	886	895
Race/ethnicity unknown 1999 IPEDS cols. 13-14	(included in "White")	(included in "White")	(included in "White")
Total 1999 IPEDS cols. 15-16	381	1448	1467

#### **Persistence**

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2000, to June 30, 2001.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	_337_
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	
First professional degrees	
First professional certificates	

#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements formerly collected by IPEDS or currently collected by the IPEDS Webbased Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 1999 paper-based survey or the 2001 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1995. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1995.

B4.	Initial 1995 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all
	students:354
	(IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B5.	Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
В6.	Final 1995 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: <b>354</b> (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
В7.	Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 1999): <b>308</b> (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 19, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B8.	Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 2000):15
В9.	Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Augus 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001):1
B10.	. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):324 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 18, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B11.	Six-year graduation rate for 1995 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):91.5 %
	Two-Year Institutions: Not Applicable  Initial 1998 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13.	Of the initial 1998 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B14	Final 1998 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15.	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11A, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B17.	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B18.	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12A, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B19.	• Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 30, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B20.	• Total transfers to two-year institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 32, sum of columns 15 and 16)

<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 33, sum of columns 15 and 16)		
Retention Rates Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) in fall 2000 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be ad reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid servi missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.	justed for studer	nts who departed for the following
<b>B22.</b> For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seel institution as freshmen in fall 2000 (or the preceding summer term).		•
the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 200	1? <mark>95.1</mark>	%
C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRE	SHMAN) AI	DMISSION
Applications C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of dapplied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2001. In began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed acone of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement of or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students.	nclude early dec ude only those s ctionable applica n waiting list, or	cision, early action, and students who students who fulfilled the ations) and who have been notified of r application withdrawn (by applicant
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1439	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	2065	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	453	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	456	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	187	
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	0	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	194	
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	0	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requir space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?   Yes  If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2001 admissions:		ose final admission was contingent on
Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list  Number accepting a place on the waiting list  Number of wait-listed students admitted		
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	requirement for	degree-seeking entering students:

C4. D	oes your institution require or	recommend a general	college-preparatory	program for degree-seel	king students?
Г	Required				
Ē	Recommended				
X	Neither required nor recomme	ended			
	1				
C5. D	istribution of high school units	required and/or recon	mended. Specify the	distribution of academic	c high school course
	nits required and/or recommend				unit equals one year
of	study or its equivalent). If you	use a different system	for calculating units,	please convert.	
		Units requir	red	Units recommended	
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Total academic units				
	English				
	Mathematics				
	Science				
	Of these, units that must be	lah			
	Foreign language	140			
	Social studies				
	History				
	Academic electives				
	Other (specify)		Swarthmore	does not require a spe	ecific high
	Caner (speedy)			ulum. We do, however	•
				of four years of Engli	-
				each of mathematics,	
				and social studies; the	
			or two foreig	n languages; and cours	sework in art
			and music.		
Basis	for Selection				
	Oo you have an open admission				
	lency diplomas are admitted w	ithout regard to acaden	nic record, test scores	, or other qualifications?	If so, check which
applie	s: No.				
(	Open admission policy as descri	ribed above for all stude	ents		
(	Open admission policy as descri		idents, but		
	selective admission for ou				
	selective admission to son				
	other (explain)				
C7 R	elative importance of each of t	he following academic a	nd nonacademic fact	tors in your first-time fi	rst. vear deoree.
	eking (freshman) admission d	_	ina nonacaacime iac	tors in your mist time, in	ist year, degree
		Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Acade	mic	_	_	_	
	dary school record		L		Ц
Class					Ļ
	nmendation(s)	⊠ N			
	ardized test scores	⊠ M			
Essay					

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

	Very impor	tant	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Minority status Volunteer work Work experience					
SAT and ACT Policies					
C8. Entrance exams  A. Does your institution make use of SAT I, seeking applicants?   Yes □ No  If yes, place check marks in the					
	Require F	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for	Considered if	Not used
SAT I ACT SAT I or ACT (no preference) SAT I or ACTSAT I preferred SAT I or ACTACT preferred SAT I and SAT II SAT I and SAT II SAT II In addition, does your institution us Placement Counseling		st scores for p	some	submitted	
B: Does your institution use the SAT I or II	or the ACT for J	placement only PLACEME	•	ark the appropriate	boxes below:
	Require	Recommend			
SAT I SAT II ACT SAT I or ACT			some		
C. Latest date by which SAT I or ACT s Latest date by which SAT II scores mu					

D. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students): \_\_Applicants are required to take 3 SAT-II: Subject Tests, one of which must be the writing or composition test. Applicants considering a major in Engineering must also take an SAT-II in mathematics\_

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

#### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in fall 2001, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2001 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores \_\_99.0\_ Number submitting SAT scores \_\_377\_
Percent submitting ACT scores \_\_\_\_\_ Number submitting ACT scores \_\_\_\_\_

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT I Verbal	690	770
SAT I Math	670	760
ACT Composite		
ACT English		
ACT Math		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	72.1%	67.1%
600-699	21.8%	27.6%
500-599	5.6%	5.3%
400-499	0.3%	0.0%
300-399	0.3%	0.0%
200-299	0	0

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36			
24-29			
18-23			
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	<b>87.6</b> %	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	97.4%	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	100.0%	
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	0%	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	8	0%

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: \_\_\_61.2%\_\_\_\_

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, fir averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 sca you collected high school GPA.	-	_
Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher		
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99 High	School GP	PA data not available
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0		
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time. Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students when the stude		
Admission Policies		
C13. Application fee		
Does your institution have an application fee?	X Yes	□ No
Amount of application fee:\$60.00 Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X Yes	□ No
C14. Application closing date		
Does your institution have an application closing date?  Application closing date (fall):Jan 1  Priority date:	Yes	□ No
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other	er than the fall	ll?□ Yes ⊠ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill i	n one only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date):By (date):By (date):Bother:		
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)		
Must reply by (date): May 1 No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified ther Other:	eafter	
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students  ☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes, maximum period of postponement:1 year	to postpone e	enrollment after admission?
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institutime, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before		
C20. Common application: Will you accept the Common Application School Principals if submitted?  If "yes," are supplemental forms required?  Is your college a member of the Common Application Group		ted by the National Association of Secondary  Yes

# **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## **Early Decision and Early Action Plans**

be notified		of the regular notifi	admission plan that permits students to apply and fication date and that asks students to commit to fall enrollment? X Yes No
If "yes," p	lease complete the following:		
	ly early decision plan closing date lly early decision plan notification date	Nov 15 Dec 15	
	y decision plan closing date y decision plan notification date	Jan 1 Feb 1	
For the Fa	all 2001 entering class:		
	f early decision applications received by yo f applicants admitted under early decision p		299 149
Please pro	ovide significant details about your early de	cision plan:	
-	ion: Do you have a nonbinding early action for the regular notification date but do not ha	•	dents are notified of an admission decision well i tending your college?
☐ Yes	⊠ No		
If "yes," p	lease complete the following:		
•	on closing date on notification date		

# Common Data Set 2001-2002

## D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall	Fall Applicants –								
D1.	<ol> <li>Does your institution enroll transfer students?          \( \sumsymbol{\text{Yes}} \sumsymbol{\text{No}} \)         (If no, please skip to Section E)         If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?        \( \sumsymbol{\text{Yes}} \sumsymbol{\text{Yes}} \sumsymbol{\text{No}} \)     </li> </ol>								
D2.	2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2001.								
	ſ		Applicants	Admitted a	applicants	Enro	olled applicants		
	ŀ	Men	47		17		9		
	F	Women	61		25		10		
		Total	108		42		19		
D4.	<ul> <li>D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll: <ul> <li>□ Fall</li> <li>□ Winter</li> <li>□ Spring</li> <li>□ Summer</li> </ul> </li> <li>D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman? <ul> <li>□ Yes</li> <li>□ No</li> <li>If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?generally, 1 year's worth of academic work</li> </ul> </li> <li>D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:</li> </ul>								
				Required of all	Recommend of all	led	Recommended of some	Required of some	Not required
High	scl	hool transcri	pt	X			-	-	
Coll	ege	transcript(s)		Χ					
Essa	y oı	r personal st	atement	X					
Inter	vie	W							
Stan	daro	dized test sc	ores	X					
	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)								
(on a <b>D7</b> .	4.0 If a (or	) scale): a minimum c n a 4.0 scale)	college grade	•	s required of t	ransfe	nsfer applicants, speci	•	

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority date	Closing date	Notification date	Reply date	Rolling admission
Fall		April 1	May 30		
Winter					
Spring					
Summer					

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? No open admission policy. $\square$ Yes $\square$ No
<b>D11</b> . Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:straight C
<b>D13.</b> Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:
Number16 Unit type_courses (32 courses for a Bachelor's degree)
<b>D14</b> . Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:
Number16 Unit type_courses (32 courses for a Bachelor's degree)
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:not applicable_
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: _Half (16
Swarthmore "course credits" where 32 courses required for a Bachelor's degree)
<b>D17.</b> Describe other transfer credit policies:
Transfer credits are coded with the term they were earned, our equivalent subject code, our equivalent
course number if applicable, and the originating course title and originating grade. Transfer grades do not

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

## E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

<b>E1. Special study options:</b> Identify those programs available at your institution.	Refer to definitions.	
☐ Accelerated program ☐ Honors program		
Cooperative (work-study) program Independent study		
☐ Cross-registration ☐ Internships		
☐ Distance learning ☐ Liberal arts/career co	ombination	
	ajor	
□ Dual enrollment	·	
☐ English as a Second Language ☐ Teacher certification	program	
Exchange student program (domestic)		
☐ External degree program		
Other (specify):		
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course v	vork prior to graduation:	<b>;</b>
☐ Arts/fine arts ☐ Humanities		
Computer literacy Mathematics		
English (including composition) Philosophy		
Foreign languages Sciences (biological or ph	ysical)	
☐ History ☐ Social science	,	
Other (describe):		
<ul> <li>Library Collections</li> <li>Report the number of holdings for FY 2001. (Line and column references are to the Part D, reporting format.)</li> <li>E4. Books, serial backfiles, electronic documents, and government documents (ticatalog _550,641 (sum of lines 27 and 29, column 2)</li> <li>E5. Current serial subscriptions (paper, microform, electronic): _9,329_ (sum of lineludes government document serial subscriptions.</li> <li>E6. Microforms (units): _71,795 (line 28, column 2)</li> <li>Many more than this in on-line catalogue.</li> <li>E7. Audiovisual materials (units):18,683 (line 32, column 2)</li> </ul>	tles) that are accessible the tines 30 and 31, column 2)	nrough the library's  This figure
F. STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-see who fit the following categories:	king undergraduates en	rolled in fall 2001
	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
	(freshman) students	J
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens)	_83%_	_82%_
Percent of men who join fraternities	_na	6%_
Percent of women who join sororities	_na	_na
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	_100%	_ <b>93</b> %*
Percent who live off campus or commute	_0%_	7%*
Percent of students age 25 and older	_0%_	_0%_

\_19.5\_

\_19.5\_

\_18.0\_

\_18.0\_

Average age of full-time students

Average age of all students (full- and part-time)

<sup>\*</sup> These two percentages exclude Study Abroad students.

F2.	<b>2.</b> Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.				
	<ul> <li>☐ Choral groups</li> <li>☐ Concert band</li> <li>☐ Dance</li> <li>☐ Drama/theater</li> <li>☐ Jazz band</li> <li>☐ Literary magazine</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Marching band</li> <li>Music ensemble</li> <li>Musical theate</li> <li>Opera</li> <li>Pep band</li> <li>Radio station</li> </ul>	es Student newspaper		
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coop	eration with Reserv	e Officers' Training Corps)		
	Army ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution	on (name): Widen	er University		
	Naval ROTC is offered ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution	ion (name): <b>Univer</b>	sity of Pennsylvania		
	Air Force ROTC is offered ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution	ion (name): St. Jo	seph's University		
	<b>Housing:</b> Check all types of coll titution.	ege-owned, -operat	ed, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your		
	<ul><li>✓ Coed dorms</li><li>✓ Men's dorms</li><li>✓ Women's dorms</li></ul>		Special housing for disabled students Special housing for international students Fraternity/sorority housing (only 2 to 4 beds ilable in fraternities.)		
	☐ Apartments for married ☐ Apartments for single ☐ Other housing options  Overflow housing available nearby Condominium.	d students students (specify):	Cooperative housing		

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

#### G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2002-2003 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution. \*NOTE: These figures were updated for 2002-2003 costs, April, 2002.

## G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL \*2002-2003 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:  PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district: In-state (out-of-district):  Out-of-state:  NONRESIDENT ALIENS:  REQUIRED FEES:  ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus) ROOM ONLY: (on-campus) BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
In-district: In-state (out-of-district):  Out-of-state:  NONRESIDENT ALIENS:  REQUIRED FEES:  290  ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/	TE INSTITUTIONS:	27,272	27,272	2
Out-of-state:  NONRESIDENT ALIENS:  REQUIRED FEES:  290  ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus description descr				
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:  REQUIRED FEES:  290  ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus description descript	e (out-of-district):			
REQUIRED FEES:  290  ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/	state:			
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/	ESIDENT ALIENS:			
(on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/	RED FEES:	290	290	<b>D</b>
(on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/				
(on-campus meal plan)  Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/		4,376	4,376	5
<del></del>		4,154	4,154	1
Other			-	ard/fees):
Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition  _3_minimum lote that these are Swarthmore "course credits," where 32 courses are required for a Bachelor's Dec	•			
to tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	nd fees vary by year of study (e.g	a., sophomore, junior, senio	or)?	⊠ No
f tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:	nd fees vary by undergraduate in:	structional program, descr	ribe briefly:	

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters	Commuters
		(living at home)	(not living at home)
Books and supplies:	944	944	944
Room only:			
Board only:			
Transportation:	varies	varies	varies
Other expenses:	924	924	924

# Swarthmore College Common Data Set 2001-2002

## **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	Not applicable
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

## **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## H. FINANCIAL AID

## Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based gift aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for **items H1**, **H2**, **H2A**, and **H6** below:  $\boxtimes$  2001-2002 estimated or  $\square$  2000-2001 final

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	838,697	0
State	195,588	0
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	13,304,385	287,078
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	561,228	566,951
Total Scholarships/Grants	14,899,898	854,029
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	1,449,382	882,220
Federal Work-Study	827,083	
State and other work-study/ employment	202,861	208,301
Total Self-Help	2,479,326	1,090,521
Parent Loans	0	1,802,864
Tuition Waivers	0	0
Athletic Awards	0	0

# Common Data Set 2001-2002

**H2. Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2001 cohort)	381	1448	Not Applicable
b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)	265	794	
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	195	705	
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who received any financial aid	195	705	
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based gift aid	195	705	
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based self-help aid	183	664	
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any non-need-based gift aid	0	0	
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> )	195	705	
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100	100	%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$24,174	\$24,474	\$
k)	Average need-based gift award of those in line <b>e</b>	\$21,638	\$20,974	\$
1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$2,536	\$3,500	\$
m)	Average need-based loan ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b> who received a need-based loan	\$1,269	\$2,056	\$

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time	Full-time	Less Than
		Full-time	Undergrad	Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who had no financial need and who received	0	11	Not
	non-need-based gift aid (exclude those receiving athletic awards and			<b>Applicable</b>
	tuition benefits)			
o)	Average dollar amount of non-need-based gift aid awarded to students in			
	line n	\$0	\$26,098	\$
p)	Number of students in line a who received a non-need-based athletic	0	0	
	grant or scholarship			
q)	Average dollar amount of non-need-based athletic grants and			
	scholarships awarded to students in line p	\$0	\$0	\$

H3: Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?  Federal methodology (FM)
_X_ Institutional methodology (IM) Both FM and IM
<b>H4.</b> Percent of the 2001 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2000 and June 30, 2001 and borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution50%
<b>H5.</b> Average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$_12,726
<b>Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens</b> (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  College-administered need-based financial aid is available  College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available  College-administered financial aid is not available
If college-administered financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who received need-based or non-need-based aid:52_
Average dollar amount awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$30,875
Total dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$1,605,516
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>FAFSA</li> <li>Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>State aid form</li> <li>Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement</li> <li>Business/Farm Supplement</li> <li>Other: _Federal Tax Return, W2 Statements, Year-end paycheck stub</li> </ul>
H8. Check off all financial aid forms international (nonresident alien) first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>✓ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>✓ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>✓ Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application</li> <li>✓ Foreign Student's Certification of Finances</li> <li>✓ Other:Income statement from employer</li> </ul>
<b>H9.</b> Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:mid February (no precise date)  Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:mid February (no precise date)  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):

# **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

H10.	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	<ul> <li>a. Students notified on or about (date):April 1</li> <li>b. Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no If yes, starting date:</li> </ul>
H11.	Indicate reply dates:  Students must reply by (date):May 1 or within weeks of notification.
Туре	es of Aid Available
Pleas	se check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12	. Loans
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13.	. Scholarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university gift aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

## H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X		Academics	X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X		State/district residency
		ROTC			

## **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

#### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

#### I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2001.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

*Part-time*: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

		Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.)	Total number of instructional faculty	160	33	193
b.)	Total number who are members of minority groups	22	2	24
c.)	Total number who are women	56	16	72
d.)	Total number who are men	104	17	121
e.)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	4	0	4
f.)	Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	158	19	177
g.)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	2	5	7
h.)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	5	5
i.)	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>I</b> must sum up to item <b>a</b> .)	0	4	4

\* NOTE: These figures exclude 7 faculty members in Physical Education/Athletics.

### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2001 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2001 Student to Faculty ratio: \_\_\_\_8.1\_\_\_\_\_ to 1. \*\*\* NOTE: This ratio excludes students and faculty engaged in study abroad. \*\*\*

#### Common Data Set 2001-2002

## I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2001 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2001. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS	111	129	71	12	4	6	2	335
SECTIONS	(33.1%)	(38.5%)	(21.2%)	(3.6%)	(1.2%)	(1.8%)	(0.6%)	(100%)
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB -	38	28	6	1	0	0	0	73
SECTIONS	(52.1%)	(38.4%)	(8.2%)	(1.4%)				(100%)

Average for Class Sections is: 16.2.

Average for Class Sub-Sections is: 10.5.

# **Swarthmore College Common Data Set 2001-2002**

# J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2000 and June 30, 2001 Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP Categories to Include
Agriculture			0	1 and 2
Architecture			0	4
Area and ethnic studies			1.2%	5
Biological/life sciences			13.1%	26
Business/marketing			0	8 and 52
Communications/communication			0	9 and 10
technologies				
Computer and information			3.3%	11
sciences				
Education			5.9%	13
Engineering/engineering			6.8%	14 and 15
technologies				
English			10.4%	23
Foreign languages and literature			3.9%	16
Health professions and related			0	51
sciences				
Home economics and vocational			0	19 and 20
home economics				
Interdisciplinary studies			0	30
Law/legal studies			0	22
Liberal arts/general studies			0	24
Library science			0	25
Mathematics			2.1%	27
Military science and technologies			0	28 and 29
Natural resources/environmental			0.3%	3
science				
Parks and recreation			0	31
Personal and miscellaneous			0	12
services				
Philosophy, religion, theology			5.3%	38 and 39
Physical sciences			3.6%	40 and 41
Protective services/public			0	43 and 44
administration				
Psychology			7.4%	42
Social sciences and history			30.0%	45
Trade and industry			0	46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			6.8%	50
Other			0	
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

# **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

# K-1. Majors Offered (sorted alphabetically).

N-1. Majors Officied (softed aiphabetically).		Departmental,
		Interdisciplinary
	CIP	
Name of Major	Code	or Special
Annient History	161201	Б
Ancient History	161201	D D
Art History	500702	D
Art History Asian Studies	500703	I
	050103	D D
Astronomy	400201	D
Biology Chemistry	260101 400501	D
Comparative Literature	230301	I
Computer Science	110101	D D
Dance	500301	D
Economics	450601	D
Engineering	140101	D
English Literature	230101	D
French	160901	D
German	160501	D
Russian	160402	D
Spanish	160905	D
Greek	161202	D
History	450801	D
Latin	161203	D
Linguistics	160102	D
Mathematics	270101	D
Medieval Studies	301301	Ī
Music	500901	D
Philosophy	380101	D
Physics	400801	D
Political Science	451001	D
Psychology	420101	D
Religion	380201	D
Sociology & Anthropology	459999	D
Theatre Studies	500501	D
Pre-Defined Special Majors:		
Special Major: German Studies	050199	S
Special Major: Math/Comp Sci	110101	S
Special Major: Education & Other	139999	S
Special Major: Linguistics/Lang	160102	S
Special Major: Chinese Studies	160301	S
Special Major: Biological Anthropology	269999	S
Special Major: Biochemistry	260202	S
Special Major: Astrophysics	400301	S
Special Major: Chemical Physics	409999	S
Special Major: Psychobiology	421101	S S
Special Major: Dance & Other	509999	3

Additional Individual Special Majors by design

## **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

## K-2. Majors Offered (sorted by CIP Code).

K-2. Majors O	nerea (sortea by CIP Coae).	
		Departmental, Interdisciplinary
CIP Code	Name of Major	or Special
	·	
050103	Asian Studies	I
050199	•	S
110101	Computer Science	D
110101	Special Major: Math/Comp Sci	S
139999	•	S
140101	Engineering	D
160102	Linguistics	D
160102	, ,	S
160301	Special Major: Chinese Studies	S
160402	Russian	D
160501	German	D
160901		D
	Spanish	D
	Ancient History	D
161202		D
161203		D
	English Literature	D
230301	Comparative Literature	I
260101	Biology	D
260202	. ,	S
269999		S
270101	Mathematics	D
301301	Medieval Studies	I
380101	Philosophy	D
380201	Religion	D
400201	Astronomy	D
400301	Special Major: Astrophysics	S
400501	Chemistry	D
400801	Physics	D
409999	Special Major: Chemical Physics	S
420101	Psychology	D
421101	Special Major: Psychobiology	S
450601	Economics	D
450801	History	D
451001	Political Science	D
459999	Sociology & Anthropology	D
500301	Dance	D
500501	Theatre Studies	D
500702	Art History	D
500703	Art History	D D
500901	Music	S
509999	Special Major: Dance & Other	3

Additional Individual Special Majors by design

# **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

 $\textbf{K-3.} \ \textbf{Athletics.} \ \ \textbf{Membership:} \ \ \textbf{NCAA Division III}; \ \ \textbf{Centennial Conference}$ 

Nickname: Garnet; Garnet Tide

1 (1021110		Intercollegiate		Intramural		Scholarships		Club Sports	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Archery									
Badminton		Υ					Υ		
Baseball	Υ								
Basketball	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ					
Bowling									
Boxing									
Cheerleading									
Cricket									
Cross-country	Υ	Υ							
Diving	-	•							
Equestrian									
Fencing									
Field hockey		Υ							
Football (tackle)	-								
Football (non-tackle)			Υ	Υ					
Golf	Υ		•	<u>'</u>					
Gymnastics	-								
Handball									
Ice hockey							Υ	Υ	
Indoor Track	Υ	Υ					'	•	
Judo		1					Υ	Υ	
Lacrosse	Υ	Υ					<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	
Racquetball		1							
Rifle									
Rodeo									
Rowing (crew)									
Rugby							Υ	Υ	
Sailing							Y	Y	
Skiing (cross-country)									
Skiing (downhill)									
Skin diving									
Soccer	Υ	V	v	V					
Softball	<b>T</b>	Y	Y	Y					
Squash		1	•	<u> </u>			Υ	Υ	
Swimming	V	Υ					Y	Y	
Synchronized Swimming	Y	T		+					
Table tennis		+		+		+			
Tennis	v	V	Υ	Υ		+			
Track and field	Y	Y	Y	Y		+			
Triathalon	Y	Y	· ·	\ \ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\		+			
Ultimate (frisbee)		<del>                                     </del>	Y	Y					
Volleyball				<del>  ,</del>			Y	Y	
Water polo		Y	Y	Y			Y		
				<del>                                     </del>		+			
Weight lifting				<del>                                     </del>					
Wrestling		1		<u> </u>					

## **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

## Common Data Set Definitions 2001

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

**Admitted student:** Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

**Associate degree:** An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

**Cooperative (work-study plan) program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the

### Common Data Set 2001-2002

program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad.** 

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

#### Common Data Set 2001-2002

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time, first-year (freshman) student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence** (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

#### Common Data Set 2001-2002

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

**Other expenses (costs):** Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

#### Common Data Set 2001-2002

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

#### **Common Data Set 2001-2002**

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

**White, non-Hispanic:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

## Common Data Set 2001-2002

#### **Financial aid definitions**

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.